SAFETY DATA SHEET

Seachoice 3131 N. Andrews Ave. Ext. Pompano Beach, Florida, 33064 US

PRODUCT: 19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART

SEACHOICE

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier	Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5 Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189
Product identifier	19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART
Recommended use and restrictions on	Paint reducer. for industrial use only-keep out of reach of children.
use	
Chemical family NFPA rating	Aromatic hydrocarbons. Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0
HMIS	
24 hour emergency number:	For transportation emergencies (in Canada) call CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC);
	IN THE UNITED STATES CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.
	** For medical emergencies contact your local poison control centre **.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word Hazard Classification	Flammable Liquid 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (narcotic effects). (respiratory system).
Hazard Description	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.
Disposal Note	P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS CAS # WT. %

Acetone

67-64-1

100

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at
Skin contact	least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention. Immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing.
Inhalation	Wash clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is
	difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.

Powered by



PRODUCT: 19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART

Ingestion...... If swallowed, rinse mouth and give a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting as there is danger of pulmonary aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or who has convulsions. See a doctor. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Most important symptoms and effects, Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed Most important symptoms and effects, Keetone is a serious eye irritant that can cause reversible damage to the cornea. It is slightly irritating to the skin. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. High vapour concentrations may be irritating to the respiratory tract. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Following repeated or prolonged contact, this product has a degreasing effect on the skin. It can cause redness, flaking and cracking.

Immediate medical attention and special . treatment needed, if necessary Additional information.....

observation. Symptoms may be delayed. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

In case of shortness of breath give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.
Unusual fire / explosion hazards	Extremely flammable. Vapours may be heavier than air. May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back to vapour source.
Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2).

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	
Leak/spill	Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.

SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling......
 Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.
 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	AC TWA	GIH TLV STEL	PEL	OSHA PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
	CA ON AB: 500pp	om (TWA); 750ppm ((STEL)		

ECIS



PRODUCT: 19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Appropriate engineering controls	Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.
Respiratory/type	Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. An air-purifying particulate/organic vapour cartridge respirator is required anytime inhalation of vapour above the exposure limit is possible.
Eye/type	Wear eye protection if there is a risk of splashing. The selection of this equipment depends on the nature of the work to be performed and, if applicable, the type of respirator used.
Gloves/ type	the nature of the work to be performed. The following gloves are recommended :. Butyl
Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type	rubber gloves. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate (EVAL). Wear adequate protective clothes. Safety boots per local regulations. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available. Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products.

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid, including static discharge, shock or vibration	Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers.
Incompatible materails	Acetone may ignite or react violently with strong oxidizing agents, such as chromic acid, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, hot nitric acid, potassium permanganate (in an alkaline medium), or peroxides. Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Aldehydes. Ammonia. Peroxides. Reducing agents. Acetone reacts violently with chlorinated hydrocarbons such as chloroform in the presence of a strong base. Acetone is not corrosive to metals but degrades many plastics including nitrile rubber, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl alcohol, Viton ®, and acrylic resins and cellulose derivatives for which acetone is used.
Hazardous decomposition products	

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Acetone	50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)

TECIS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT: 19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) Route of exposure Symptoms related to the physical, chemica and toxicological characteristics	Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.
Effects of acute exposure	Excessive vapours may cause nasal and respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of higher concentration may result in central nervous system depression and unconsiousness. Causes eye irritation. Can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. May cause temporary corneal damage. May cause drying or flaking of the skin. Ingestion may cause adverse health effects.
Effects of chronic exposure	Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.
Carcinogenicity of material Reproductive effects Mutagenicity Sensitizing capability of material	ACGIH Evaluation: Non-classifiable substance as carcinogenic to humans (group A4) No data on reproductive effects were found in the literature sources consulted. The data does not allow for an adequate assessment of the mutagenic effect. Despite widespread use, no case of skin sensitization has been found in the literature. No information regarding respiratory sensitization was found in the literature sources consulted.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	LC5
Persistence and degradability	Proc
Bioaccumulative potential	Pro
Mobility in soil	Parti
Other adverse effects	Not

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss):. 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L. Product data not available. Product data not available. Partition coefficient:. -0.24. Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torch. Dispose of as an industrial waste in a manner acceptable to good waste management practice and in accordance with applicable local, provincial/State or federal regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	Exemptions when packaged in containers less than 1 Litre. UN1090 - ACETONE - Class 3 - PGII - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons). Refer to 49CRF
IATA Classification (Air)	172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements. UN1090 - ACETONE - Class 3 - PG II. Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without
IMDG Classification (Marine)	checking appropriate IATA regulations.
Marine Pollutant	limited quantity exemptions.
Proof of Classification	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III	On Domestic Substances List (DSL). All components are listed. This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Section 302 - extremely hazardous	None.
substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313	None.
EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63	None.
California Proposition 65	This product does not contain any chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



PRODUCT: 19020 ACETONE U.S. QUART

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Telephone number: Disclaimer:	DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.
Review Date: Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	2019-01-23

